**Chapter 1: Criminal Justice Today**

**TRUE/FALSE**

1. The consensus model assumes that a diverse group of people cannot have similar morals and values.

T F

2. The most common form of criminal activity in the United States is property crime.

T F

3. State Police are responsible for the “nuts and bolts” of police work.

T F

4. The United States has a dual court system, meaning that we have two independent court systems, one at the federal level and one at the state level.

T F

5. The most frequent type of release from a jail or prison is probation.

T F

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1. Which model assumes that a diverse group of people can share the same morals?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Conflict model |
| b. | Consensus model |
| c. | Crime control model |
| d. | Due process model |

2. Which term implies that a majority of citizens agree that certain activities should be defined as crime?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Opinion agreement model |
| b. | Consensus model |
| c. | Survey consensus |
| d. | Public forum |

3. According to the conflict model, what is deemed criminal activity is determined by

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | the largest segment of the population |
| b. | a mutual consensus among citizens |
| c. | the most politically powerful segment of society |
| d. | the segment of society comprised of criminal justice professionals |

4. Violent crimes include all of the following except

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | murder. |
| b. | sexual assault. |
| c. | burglary. |
| d. | robbery. |

5. The taking of personal property from another through the use of force or fear is

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | larceny |
| b. | theft |
| c. | burglary |
| d. | robbery |

6. The concept of public order crimes is linked to the

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | conflict model. |
| b. | due process model. |
| c. | consensus model. |
| d. | deviance model. |

REF: 8

7. Public order crime is sometimes referred to as

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | violent. |
| b. | legal. |
| c. | victimless crime. |
| d. | felonies. |

REF: 8

8. Illegal gambling, prostitution, racketeering, and extortion are all examples of

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | victimless crime. |
| b. | organized crime. |
| c. | white collar crime. |
| d. | public order crime. |

REF: 8

9. High-tech crimes include

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | robbery. |
| b. | biometrics. |
| c. | loan sharking |
| d. | cyberstalking |

REF: 8 - 9

10. Which of the following is not one of the goals of the modern criminal justice system?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | To control crime |
| b. | To prevent crime |
| c. | To provide and maintain justice |
| d. | To enforce society’s shared moral code |

REF: 10

11. Fire marshals, alcohol beverage control officers, and fish, game and watercraft wardens are all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ level law enforcement personnel.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | municipal |
| b. | county |
| c. | state |
| d. | federal |

REF: 12

12. The dual court system

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | refers to local and state court systems. |
| b. | refers to federal and state court systems. |
| c. | refers to criminal and civil court systems. |
| d. | refers to adult and juvenile court systems. |

REF: 14

13. How many independent judicial systems are in the United States?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Three |
| b. | Fifty-two |
| c. | Two |
| d. | Four |

REF: 14

14. The text refers to the judge, prosecutors, and defense attorneys in a criminal court as the court’s

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | functional unit. |
| b. | work group. |
| c. | professional staff. |
| d. | justice team. |

REF: 14

15. Which of the following is the most common correctional treatment?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Parole |
| b. | Tethering |
| c. | Probation |
| d. | Incarceration |

REF: 14

**COMPLETION**

1. An act that that violates criminal law and is punishable by criminal sanctions is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

REF: 5

2. A is a behavior that is punishable under criminal law as an offense against society as a whole that can result in the loss of the offender’s liberty or life.

REF: 5

3. Principles of right and wrong behavior, as practiced by individuals or by society are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1111 REF: 5

4. The conflict model means that the group that happens to be holding power has the most influence on .

REF: 5-6

5. Crimes against persons such as murder or sexual assault are called crimes.

REF: 7

6. The text defines as the unlawful killing of a human being.

REF: 7

7. The act of physically contacting another person with the intent to do harm is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

REF: 7

8. The taking of cash or other goods from a person by force or fear is .

REF: 7

9. Stealing of property not accomplished by force is .

REF: 7

10. A public order crime is sometimes referred to as a crime.

REF: 8

11. Illegal acts carried out by illegal organizations describes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

REF: 8

12. High tech crime is directly related to the increased presence of in everyday life.

REF: 8

13. A form of government in which a written constitution provides for a division of powers between state and federal government is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

REF: 10

**Chapter 1: Criminal Justice Today – Worksheet 2**

**TRUE/FALSE**

1. Discretionary decisions lead to the development of the formal criminal justice process.

T F REF: 15

2. The top layer of the wedding cake comes closest to meeting our idealized standards of justice.

T F REF: 16

3. The crime control model of criminal justice focuses on protecting individuals from the power of the state.

T F REF: 18

4. In 2010, both violent and property crime rates increased dramatically.

T F REF: 20

5. Illegal drug use appears to be slowly declining in the United States.

T F REF: 21

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

6. Which of the following hold those convicted of minor crimes with relatively short sentences?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Halfway house |
| b. | Prison |
| c. | Jail |
| d. | Boot camp |

REF: 14

7. Prisons are administered by

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | counties |
| b. | municipalities |
| c. | states and the federal government |
| d. | courts |

REF: 14

8. Discretion is strongly associated with

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | the formal justice process |
| b. | the informal justice process |
| c. | assembly-line justice |
| d. | the crime control model |

REF: 15

9. Discretion in criminal justice is vested in all of the following except

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | police. |
| b. | judges. |
| c. | prosecutors. |
| d. | witnesses |

REF: 15-16

10. The fourth and largest layer of the wedding cake model of the criminal justice system is comprised of

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | “celebrity” cases |
| b. | high profile felonies |
| c. | ordinary felonies |
| d. | misdemeanors |

REF: 17

11. Trial by jury is relatively rare, only about \_\_\_\_\_\_of those arrested for felonies go to trial.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | 1% |
| b. | 5% |
| c. | 15% |
| d. | 30% |

REF: 17

12. The due process model

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | protects victims from the power of the state. |
| b. | denies constitutional rights to the accused. |
| c. | provides limitless police discretion. |
| d. | protects individuals from the power of the state. |

REF: 18

13. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ model represents an obstacle course rather than an assembly-line.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | crime control |
| b. | due process |
| c. | integrated |
| d. | consensus |

REF: 18

14. Generally, when crime rates are high, the public demands that politicians “get tough on crime” and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ model dominates.

a. Crime Control

b. Consensus

c. Due Process

d. Homeland Security

REF: 19

15. How many people are killed by gunfire each year in the U.S.?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | 110,000 |
| b. | 90,000 |
| c. | 70,000 |
| d. | 30,000 |

REF: 20

16. The explosion in violent crime in the late 1980s and early 1990s was attributed to the widespread sale and use of

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | crack cocaine. |
| b. | heroin. |
| c. | methamphetamine. |
| d. | marijuana. |

REF: 21

17. All of the following are considered psychoactive drugs, with the exception of

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | cocaine |
| b. | heroin |
| c. | alcohol |
| d. | marijuana |

REF: 21

18. DNA evidence can be retrieved from all of the following except

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | fingerprints |
| b. | blood |
| c. | saliva |
| d. | hair strands |

REF: 22

19. A concerted national effort to prevent terrorist attacks within the United States is known as

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a. | Strategic policing |
| b. | The homeland security movement |
| c. | The intelligence model |
| d. | Crime control |

REF: 23

**COMPLETION**

1. The chief law enforcement officer in most counties is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

REF: 11

2. The is responsible for the policing public highways and freeways.

REF: 12

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the most common correctional sanction.

REF: 14

4. Probation and halfway houses are forms of corrections.

REF: 14

5. The most frequent type of release from jail or prison is by .

REF: 14

6. The interlocking network designed to enforce criminal laws and protect society from criminal behavior is known as the .

REF: 15

7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can be defined as the ability of individuals in the criminal justice system to make operational decisions based on personal judgment.

REF: 15

8. The bottom layer of the wedding cake model is comprised of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

REF: 16

9. The model places primary emphasis on the right of society to be protected from crime and violent criminals.

REF: 18

10. In the crime control model \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ must be counted on to control criminal activity.

11. Illegal drug use appears to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the United States, particularly among young people .

12. To use or threaten violence to achieve political objectives is\_\_\_\_\_ .

13. The growing prison population is an unanticipated consequence of laws.